Chrysanthemum plant named 'Ida'

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

'Ida' is a product of a breeding and selection program for outdoor pot mums (garden mums) which had the objective of creating new chrysanthemum cultivars with a decorative type flower, a natural season flower date around September 8 - 13; blooming for a period of 5 weeks. The new plant of the present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar of Chrysanthemum plant 'Ida' is a seedling resulting from the open pollination among groups of chrysanthemum cultivars maintained under the control of the inventor for breeding purposes. The new and distinct cultivar was discovered and selected as one flowering plant by Mark Roland Boeder on a cultivated field in Rijsenhout Holland in September 2001. The plant has been asexually reproduced by cuttings in greenhouses at Rijsenhout Holland. The new cultivar has been found to retain its distinctive characteristics through successive propagations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention of a new and distinct variety of chrysanthemum is shown in the accompanying drawings, the color being as nearly true as possible with color photographs of this type.

FIG. 1 shows a plant of the cultivar in full bloom.

FIG. 2 shows the various stages of bloom and foliage of the new cultivar.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

This new variety of chrysanthemum is of the botanical classification *Chrysanthemum morifolium*. The observations and measurements were gathered from plants grown out door in Rijsenhout, Holland under natural day length and temperature and planted in week 23 in 2002. The natural blooming date of this crop was September 8 - 13 (week 37). The average height of the plants was 35 cms. No growth retardants were used. No tests were done on disease or insect resistance or susceptibility. No tests were done on cold or drought tolerance. This new variety produces small sized blooms with pink ray florets and a purple center blooming for a period of 5 weeks.

From the cultivars known to inventor the most similar existing cultivar in comparison to 'Ida' is 'Medusa' (U.S. Plant patent application 10/317,044). When 'Medusa' and 'Ida' are being compared the following differences are noticed: The differences of 'Medusa' and 'Ida' are (1) Flower size. The flowers of 'Medusa' are larger than those of 'Ida' (2) Number of ray florets. The number of ray florets of 'Medusa' is smaller than that of 'Ida'. (3) Color of center of immature flowers. The center of immature flowers of 'Medusa' light purple, while that of 'Ida' is deep purple.

The following is a description of the plant and characteristics that distinguish 'Ida' as a new and distinct variety.

The color designations are taken from the plant itself. Accordingly, any discrepancies between the color designations and the colors depicted in the photographs are due to photographic tolerances. The color chart used in this description is: The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, edition 1995.

Table 1. Botanical Description of cultivar 'Ida'

<u>Bud</u>

Size Small;cross-section 0.7 cm, height 0.8 cm

Outside Color Yellow-green 146D

Involucral bracts 2 rows, length 7 mm, width 3 mm

Involucral bracts among disc-florets Not present

Involucral bracts color Green 138A

Bloom

Type Decorative

Size Small

Fully Expanded 2.5 cm

Peduncle length 6 cm

Peduncle color Green 138B

Number of blooms per branch Approx. 8 blooms per branch

Performance on the plant 5 weeks

Seeds Produced in small quantities, ovate grey-brown

199A, 1½ mm in length.

Fragrance Typical chrysanthemum, slightly

<u>Color</u>

Center of the flower Immature Red-purple 71A

Mature Yellow-orange 15B

Color of upper surface of the ray-

Purple 75D

florets

Color of the lower surface of the

Purple 77B

ray-florets

Tonality from Distance

A garden mum with pink flowers and a purple

disc

Color of upper side of ray florets

after aging of the flowers

Purple 75D

Ray florets

Texture

Upper and under side smooth

Number

180

Cross-section

Flat

Longitudinal axis of majority

Straight

Length of corolla tube

Short, 0.3 cm

Ray-floret margin

Entire

Ray-floret length

1.4 cm

Ray-floret width

0.4 cm

Ratio length / width

Medium

Shape of tip

Rounded

Disc florets

Disc diameter

0.3 cm

Distribution of disc florets

Few, visible only in mature flowers

Shape

Tubular

Color

Yellow-green 145C

Receptacle shape

Domed flat

Reproductive Organs

Stamen

Present in disc florets only

Stamen color

Yellow-green 144A

Pollen Produced in small amount

Pollen color Yellow 7A

Styles Thick

Style color Yellow 13A

Style Length 4 mm

Stigma color Yellow-green 144A

Stigma Width 1 mm

Ovaries Enclosed in calyx

Plant

Form A garden mum outdoor mounded and round

Growth habit Spreading

Growth rate High

Height 35 cm

Width 50 cm

Stem Color Yellow-green 147C with streaks of greyed-purple

186B

Stem Strength Strong

Stem Brittleness Not brittle

Stem Anthocyanin Coloration Present

Internode lenght 1 cm

Length of lateral branch From top to bottom 14 cm

Lateral branch color Yellow-green 147C

Lateral branch, attachment Medium strength

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Branching (average number of

lateral branches)

Good with 7 breaks after pinching

Natural season blooming date

September 8 – 13

Foliage

Leaf color

Upper side Green 138A

Under side Yellow-green 148C

Color midvein

Upper side Yellow-green 147D

Under side Yellow-green 148D

Size

Small; length 3.5 cm, width 2.5 cm

Quantity (number per lateral

16

branch)

Shape

Cordiform

Texture upper side

Glabrous

Texture under side

Pubescent

Venation arrangement

Palmate

Shape of the margin

Serrated

Shape of Base of Sinus Between

Rounded

Lateral Lobes

Margin of Sinus Between Lateral

Diverging

Lobes

Shape of Base

Truncate

Apex

Mucronate

Petiole lenght

1 cm

Petiole color

Yellow-green 147D

. Table 2. Differences with the comparison variety

	'Ida'	'Medusa'
Flower size	2.5 cm	4.5 cm
Number of ray florets	180	130
Color center of immature flower	Red-purple 71A	Red-purple 64D